HENRICO COUNTY DPU FIRE FLOW ESTIMATE FORM

ISO (Insurance Service Office) Method of Calculating NFF (Needed Fire Flow)

ENGINEER:DATE:_	<u> </u>
PROJECT NAME:CALC.	ВҮ:
TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION:	
Class of Construction Coef. $= F$:	
GROUND FLOOR AREA =# of Stories	
Total Floor Area = A_i (effective area):	·
FIRE AREA CONSIDERED	
Construction Factor $C_i = 18(F)(A_i)^{0.5}$ (ROUNDED TO NEAREST 250 GPM)	$C_i = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
TYPE OF OCCUPANCY:	
(Worst Case) Occupancy Fact	or = O_i :
EXPOSURE (X) AND COMMUNICATION (P) :	
$X_1 + P_1 = \underline{\qquad} \qquad X_4 + P_4 = \underline{\qquad}$	
$X_2 + P_2 = $ $X_5 + P_5 = $ $X_6 + P_6 = $ $X_6 + P_6 = $	
$(X+P)_i=1.0+\sum_{(i=1)}^n (X_i+P_i)=$ $[\text{Max. } (X+P)_i=1.75]$ $(n = \text{NUMBER OF SIDES OF SUBJECT BUILDING})$	
NEEDED FIRE FLOW	
$NFF = (C_i)(O_i)(X+P)_i$	<i>NFF</i> =
Automatic Sprinklers (YESNO) Reduction Factor % x NFF	= - :
TOTAL:	
Required Fire Flow - Rounded (if < 2500 nearest 250) (if > 2500 nearest 500)	gpm
* Fire Hydrants Required:	
I CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS TRUE AND CORRECT.	
SIGNATURE:P.E.	
* Commercial Area requires 350 ft. maximum hose lay.	
References: NFF CALCULATION PROCEDURE DESCRIBED IN A.W.W.A. M-31, I.S.O.'s 1980 SCHEDULE AND I.S.O.'s 1980 FIRE SUPPRESSION RATING SCHEDULE.	COMMERCIAL FIRE RATING